ARTICLE II

INTERPRETATIONS AND DEFINITIONS

2-1 INTERPRETATION OF ORDINANCE

2-1.1 Minimum Requirements

In the interpretation and application of this Ordinance, all provisions shall be considered to be minimum requirements and deemed neither to limit nor repeal any other powers granted under state statutes.

2-1.2 Greater Restrictions Govern

These regulations shall be the minimum requirements for administration, enforcement, procedures, restrictions, standards, uses, variances, and all other areas addressed by this Ordinance. If any federal or state law or any other existing ordinance or regulation allows lesser regulation, this Ordinance shall govern so that, in all cases, the more restrictive limitation or requirement shall govern. Whenever regulations imposed by this Ordinance are less restrictive than regulations imposed by any governmental authority through regulation, rule or restriction, the regulations imposed by that authority shall govern. Regardless of any other provision of this Ordinance, no land shall be developed or used, and no structure shall be erected or maintained in violation of any state or federal regulation.

2-1.3 Rounding of Numbers

All calculations that result in a part or fraction of a whole number shall be rounded up to the next highest whole number, except that in calculating density, all calculations that result in a part or fraction of a whole number shall be rounded down to the next lowest whole number.

2-1.4 Figures and Tables

The figures and tables provided in this Ordinance are designed to provide a visual explanation to selected Sections of the Ordinance. If any illustration appears to be in conflict with the text of the Ordinance, the text shall govern.

2-2 RULES OF CONSTRUCTION

2-2.1 Word Interpretation

Words and concepts not defined in this Ordinance or that require clarification shall be further identified and/or defined using A Planners Dictionary, as originally published (April 2004) and amended by the American Planning Association Planning Advisory Service Report 521/522. When either source is deficient or provides no information, words shall be given their ordinary and common meaning.

(Amended 12/13/2010)
2-2.2 Rules of Construction

For purposes of this Ordinance, the following rules of construction shall apply:

(A) **Tense:** Words used in the present tense include the future tense;

(B) **Singular and Plural:** Words used in the singular number include the plural number, and the plural number includes the singular number, unless the context of the particular usage clearly indicates otherwise;

(C) **Mandatory Meaning:** The words ‘shall’, ‘will’, and ‘must’ are mandatory in nature implying an obligation or duty to comply with the particular provision;

(D) **Gender:** Words used in the male gender include the female gender; and

(E) **References:** Any reference to an Article or Section shall mean an Article or Section of this Ordinance, unless otherwise specified.

2-3 INTERPRETATION OF DISTRICT BOUNDARIES

2-3.1 Boundary Interpretation

Where uncertainty exists as to the boundaries of any district shown on the Official Zoning Map, the following rules shall apply:

(A) **Centerline:** Where a boundary line lies within and follows a street or alley right-of-way, a railroad right-of-way, or utility easement, the boundary shall be construed to be in the center of such street or alley right-of-way, railroad right-of-way, or utility easement. If such a street or alley right-of-way, railroad right-of-way, or utility easement forming the boundary between two separate zoning districts is abandoned or removed from dedication, the district boundaries shall be construed as following the centerline of the abandoned or vacated street bed or utility easement.

(B) **Edge Line:** Where a boundary line follows the edge of a street or alley right-of-way, a railroad right-of-way, or utility easement, the boundary shall be construed to be in the edge of such street or alley right-of-way, railroad right-of-way, or utility easement. If such a street or alley right-of-way, railroad right-of-way, or utility easement forming the boundary between two separate zoning districts is abandoned or removed from dedication, the district boundaries shall be construed as following the edge of the abandoned or vacated street bed or utility easement.

(C) **Lot Line:** Boundaries indicated as approximately following lot lines shall be construed as following such lot lines. In the event that a district boundary line divides a lot or tract, each part of the lot or tract so divided shall be used in conformity with the regulations established by this Ordinance for the district in which said part is located.

(D) **Municipal Limits:** Boundaries indicated as approximately following municipal limits or extraterritorial boundary lines shall be construed as following the municipal limits or extraterritorial boundary lines.
(E) **County Line:** Boundaries indicated as approximately following county lines shall be construed as following the county line.

(F) **Watercourses:** Boundaries indicated as approximately following the centerlines of streams, rivers, canals, lakes, or other bodies of water shall be construed to follow such center lines.

(G) **Extensions:** Boundaries indicated as parallel to, or as extensions of street or alley rights-of-way, channelized waterways, railroad rights-of-way, utility easements, lot lines, municipal limits, county lines, or extraterritorial boundaries, shall be so construed.

(H) **Scaling:** Where a district boundary does not coincide with any boundary line as delineated above and no distances are described by specific ordinance, the boundary shall be determined by the use of the scale appearing on the map. In the case of Flood Zones, Flood Hazard Boundary Maps, if available, shall be used for scaling.

### 2-3.2 Interpretation by Board of Adjustment

Where existing natural or man-made features on the ground are at variance with those shown on the Official Zoning Map, or are not covered by Section 2-3.1 (Boundary Interpretation), the Board of Adjustment shall interpret the district boundary.

### 2-3.3 Annexation

If any portion of the territory subject to county jurisdiction under this Ordinance shall be annexed by a municipality, or taken into a municipality's jurisdiction by act of the General Assembly, or in accordance with NCGS 160A, Article 4A or NCGS 160A-360, county regulations and powers or enforcement shall remain in effect until:

- (A) The municipality has adopted regulations for said annexed or extraterritorial area; or
- (B) A period of sixty days has elapsed following the effective date of annexation or extension of extraterritorial jurisdiction.

### 2-4 DEFINITIONS

#### 2-4.1 Access Easement.
An easement which grants the right to cross property.

#### 2-4.2 Accessory Building.
A detached subordinate building, the use of which is incidental to that of the principal building and located on the same lot therewith. See Section 9-5.

#### 2-4.3 Accessory Dwelling Unit.
A dwelling unit that exists either as part of a principal dwelling or as an accessory building, and is secondary and incidental to the use of the property as single-family residential.

#### 2-4.4 Accessory Structure.
A detached subordinate structure(s), the use of which is incidental to that of the principal structure and located on the same lot therewith.

#### 2-4.5 Address.
The official house, building, or structure number assigned by the City for a specific lot, building or portion thereof.
2-4.6 **Adult Bookstore.** See Sexually Oriented Business definition.

2-4.7 **Agricultural Production Crops.** The production of (and activities relating or incidental to the production of) crops, fruits, vegetables, ornamental and flowering plants, and nursery products such as bulbs, trees, vines, shrubbery, flower and vegetable seeds and plants, and sod.

2-4.8 **Agricultural Production, Livestock.** The production of (and activities relating or incidental to the production of) dairy, livestock and poultry products. Livestock as used here includes cattle, sheep, goats, hogs, and poultry as well as animal specialties such as horses, rabbits, bees, fur-bearing animals in captivity, and fish in captivity. This definition does not include animal feeder/breeder operations nor the keeping of domesticated animals for pets.

2-4.9 **Adult Theater.** See Sexually Oriented Business definition.

2-4.10 **Aircraft.** Any machine supported for flight in the air by buoyancy or by the dynamic action of air on its surfaces, including, but not limited to, powered airplanes, gliders, helicopters, and dirigibles.

2-4.11 **Alley.** A roadway which affords only a secondary means of access to abutting property.

2-4.12 **Animal Feeder/Breeder Operation.** Establishments primarily engaged in the production, feeding, or fattening of cattle, hogs, chickens, or turkeys in a confined area for a period of at least 45 days on a contract or fee basis. This definition does not include the keeping of domesticated animals for pets.

2-4.13 **Assembly.** A joining together of completely fabricated parts to create a finished product.

2-4.14 **Athletic Field.** Outdoor sites, often requiring equipment, designed for formal athletic competition in field sports (e.g. softball, soccer, football).

2-4.15 **Auto Wrecking.** A person or establishment that provides open storage, disassembling, or salvaging for junked motor vehicles.

2-4.16 **Automobile Repair Services.** An establishment primarily engaged in one or more of the following activities: 1) general automotive repair or service, 2) automotive engine repair, 3) installation or repair of automotive transmissions, 4) installation or repair of automotive glass, 5) installation or repair of automotive exhaust systems, 6) repair of automotive tops, bodies and interiors, and 7) automotive painting and refinishing.

2-4.16.1 **Banquet/Reception Hall Establishment, Commercial.** An establishment (indoors and/or outdoors) for lease by individuals or groups to accommodate private functions including, but not limited to, banquets, weddings, anniversaries and other similar celebrations where entertainment, either passive or active, is provided for the pleasure of the guests, an independent use, not to operate in conjunction with any other land use. Such entertainment includes but is not limited to: vocal and instrumental music, dancing, karaoke, comedy, and acting, whereby events are not advertised for attendance and/or participation by the general public. Such a use may or may not include: 1) kitchen facilities for the preparation or catering of food; 2) the sale of alcoholic beverages for on-premises consumption, only during scheduled events and not open to the general public; and 3) outdoor gardens or reception facilities. Specifically, this land use is
not a restaurant, bar, nightclub, tavern, billiard parlor, arcade, private club, recording studio, cinema, auditorium or facility to be leased, let or used by any third party to stage an event for profit.

(Section 2-4.16.1 Amended by City Council 06/10/2013)

2-4.17 **Basement.** A story of a building or structure having one-half or more of its clear height below grade.

2-4.18 **Best Management Practices (BMP).** A structural or nonstructural management-based practice used singularly or in combination to reduce nonpoint source inputs to receiving waters in order to achieve water quality protection goals.

2-4.19 **Block.** The land lying within an area bounded on all sides by streets.

2-4.20 **Board of Adjustment.** A quasi-judicial body, appointed by the City Council, that is given certain powers under this Ordinance.

2-4.21 **Boarding House.** A dwelling or part thereof, in which lodging is provided by the owner or operator to more than four boarders.

2-4.22 **Buffer.** An area of natural or planted vegetation through which stormwater runoff flows in a diffuse manner so that the runoff does not become channelized and which provides for infiltration of the runoff and filtering of pollutants. The buffer is measured landward from the normal pool elevation of impounded structures and from the bank of each side of streams and rivers. The widths of buffer areas are established pursuant to the requirements of Sections 11-3 and 12-1.6.

2-4.23 **Buffer Yard.** A strip of land which is established to separate one type of land use from another type of land use and which contains natural or planted vegetation, berms, walks, or fences in accordance with the provisions of Sections 11-3 and 12-1.6.

2-4.24 **Buildable Lot.** One or more lots of record in one undivided ownership with sufficient total area, exclusive of easements, flood hazards, well and septic tank fields; sufficient total dimensions; and sufficient access to permit construction thereon of a principal building together with its required parking and buffer yards.

2-4.25 **Building.** Any structure that encloses a space used for sheltering any occupancy. Each portion of a building separated from other portions by a fire wall shall be considered a separate building.

2-4.26 **Building Height.** The vertical distance from grade to the highest finished roof surface in the case of flat roofs or to a point at the average height of the highest roof having a pitch. Height of a building in stories does not include basements, except as specifically provided for in this Ordinance.

2-4.27 **Building Line.** The line, established by this Ordinance, beyond which the building shall not extend, except as specifically provided by this Ordinance.

2-4.28 **Building Separation.** The minimum required horizontal distance between buildings.

2-4.29 **Built-upon Area.** Built-upon areas shall include that portion of a development project that is covered by impervious or partially impervious cover including buildings, pavement, gravel areas (e.g. streets, parking lots, paths), recreation facilities (e.g. tennis courts), etc. (Note: Wooden slatted decks and the water area
of a swimming pool are considered pervious.) Built-upon area requirements for watershed overlay districts are delineated in Sections 12-1.2 (C) and 12-1.3 (C).

2-4.30 **Caliper Inches.** Quantity in inches of the diameter of trees measured at six inches above the ground for trees four inches or less in trunk diameter and twelve inches above the ground for trees over four inches in trunk diameter.

2-4.31 **Canopy Tree.** A species of tree which normally grows to a mature height of forty feet or more with a minimum mature crown width of thirty feet.

2-4.32 **Certificate of Zoning Compliance.** A statement, signed by the Zoning Administrator, setting forth either that a building or structure complies with the provisions of this Ordinance, or that building, structure, or parcel of land may lawfully be employed for specified uses, or both.

2-4.33 **City.** The City of Elizabeth City, North Carolina.

2-4.34 **Cluster Development.** The grouping of buildings in order to conserve land resources and provide for innovation in the design of the project including minimizing stormwater runoff impacts. This term includes nonresidential development as well as single-family residential and multi-family developments. For the purpose of this Ordinance, planned unit developments and mixed use development are considered as cluster development. General requirements are provided in Section 9-4.1 (B) and for watershed overlay districts, Section 12-1.5.

2-4.35 **Collector Street.** A street whose principal function is to carry traffic between cul-de-sac, local, and subcollector streets, and streets of higher classification, but which may also provide direct access to abutting properties.

2-4.36 **Combination Use.** A use consisting of a combination on one lot of two or more principal uses separately listed in the Table of Permitted Uses. (Under some circumstances, a second principal use may be regarded as accessory to the first, and thus a combination use is not established. See Section 9-3.4. In addition, when two or more separately owned or separately operated enterprises occupy the same lot, and all such enterprises fall within the same principal use classification, this shall not constitute a combination use.)

2-4.37 **Common Area(s).** All areas, including private streets, conveyed to an owners' association within a development, or owned on a proportional undivided basis in a condominium development.

2-4.38 **Conditional Use Permit.** A permit issued by the City Council that authorizes the recipient to make use of property in accordance with the requirements of this Ordinance as well as any additional requirements imposed by the City Council.

2-4.39 **Conditional Zoning District.** A zoning district that permits all of the uses allowed in the corresponding general use zoning district, unless specifically stated otherwise in the conditional use district ordinance. All development and use(s) of the property are subject to predetermined uses, specific standards and conditions mutually approved by the City Council and the petitioner. The type of conditions that may be imposed are 1) those that address the conformance of the development and use of the site to the Unified Development Ordinance, the CAMA Land Use Plan, and officially adopted plans, and 2) those that address impacts reasonably expected to be generated from the development or use of the site. To encourage innovative design, the petitioner for a conditional zoning district may request that specific Unified Development Ordinance, the CAMA Land Use Plan, and officially adopted plans, and 2) those that address impacts reasonably expected to be generated from the development or use of the site. To encourage innovative design, the petitioner for a conditional zoning district may request that specific...
Development Ordinance density, dimensional and parking standards be modified, provided the spirit of the regulations is maintained. A pre-application meeting with the Historic Preservation Committee is required when the application includes any properties located within the local historic districts.

(Section 2-4.39 Amended by City Council 11/26/2012)

2-4.40 Condominium. Portions of real estate which are designated for separate ownership, and the remainder of which is designated for common ownership solely by the owners of those portions. Real estate is not a condominium unless the undivided interests in the common elements are vested in the unit owners.

2-4.41 Congregate Care Facility. A facility providing shelter and services for ambulatory individuals who by reason of the age, functional impairment, or infirmity may require meals, housekeeping, and personal care assistance. Congregate care facilities do not include nursing homes or similar institutions devoted primarily to the care of the chronically ill or the incurable.

2-4.42 Convenience Store. A retail store that is designed and stocked to sell primarily food, beverages, and other household supplies to customers who purchase only a relatively few items (in contrast to a ‘supermarket’). It is designed to attract and depends upon a large volume of ‘stop and go’ traffic. Illustrative examples of convenience stores are those operated by the ‘Fast Fare’, ‘7-11’, and ‘Pantry’ chains.

2-4.43 Corner Lot. A lot abutting two or more streets at their intersection.

2-4.44 Critical Area. The area adjacent to a water supply intake where risk associated with pollution is greater than for the remaining portions of the watershed. The critical area is defined as extending either (a) one-half mile from the normal pool elevation of the reservoir in which the intake is located or to the ridge line of the watershed, whichever comes first or (b) one-half mile upstream from and draining to the intake located directly in the stream or river or the ridge line of the watershed, whichever comes first. Elizabeth City may extend the boundary of the critical area as needed. Major landmarks such as highways or property lines may be used to delineate the outer boundary of the critical area if these landmarks are immediately adjacent to the appropriate outer boundary of one-half mile.

2-4.45 Critical Root Zone. The rooting area of a tree established to limit root disturbance, generally defined as a circle with a radius extending from a tree’s trunk to the furthest point of the crown dripline.

2-4.46 Cul-de-Sac Street. A short local street having one end open to traffic and the other end permanently terminated by a vehicular turnaround.

2-4.47 Day. Any reference to days shall mean calendar days unless otherwise specified. A duration of days shall include the first and last days on which an activity is conducted, and all days in between, unless otherwise specified by state law.

2-4.48 Day Care Center. A child day care facility as defined in NCGS 110-86(3) as well as a center providing day care on a regular basis for more than two hours per day for more than five adults. See Section 11-4.30 for specific provisions related to day care centers.

2-4.49 Developer. A person engaging in development.
2-4.50 Development. Any man-made change to improved or unimproved real estate, including, but not limited, to buildings or other structures, mining, dredging, filling, grading, paving, excavation, or drilling operations or storage of equipment or materials.

2-4.51 Development, Density Of. The density of development shall be determined using a gross acreage system. The total area of the tract, including areas to be used for new streets, rights-of-way, drives, parking, structures, recreation areas, dedicated areas, and required setbacks, shall be used for density calculations.

2-4.52 Domestic Wastewater Discharge. The discharge of sewage, non-process industrial wastewater, other domestic wastewater or any combination of these items. Unless specifically excepted by the NCDEM, domestic wastewater includes liquid waste generated by domestic water-using fixtures and appliances, from any residence, place of business, or place of public assembly even if it contains no sewage. Examples of domestic wastewater include once-through, non-contact cooling water; seafood packing facility discharges; and wastewater from restaurants.

2-4.53 Drainage Easement. An easement which grants the right of water drainage to pass in open channels or enclosed structures.

2-4.54 Drainageway. Any natural or man-made channel that carries surface runoff from precipitation.

2-4.55 Dripline. A vertical line extending the outermost portion of a tree's canopy to the ground.

2-4.56 Duplex. (See Two-Family Dwelling).

2-4.57 Dwelling Unit. One or more rooms designed, occupied or intended for occupancy as separate living quarters, with cooking, sleeping and sanitary facilities provided therein. Units in dormitories, hotels, motels, shelters for the homeless, or other structures designed for transient residents are not dwelling units.

2-4.58 Easement. A grant of one or more of the property rights, by the property owner, to, or for use by, the public, a corporation, or other entities.

2-4.59 Emergency Shelter. A facility providing, without charge, temporary sleeping accommodations, with or without meals, for individuals and/or families displaced from their residences as a result of sudden natural or man-made catastrophe including, but not limited to, earthquake, fire, flood, tornado, hurricane, or the release of hazardous or toxic substance(s) into the environment. Such a natural or man-made catastrophe must be designated by the responsible local, state, or federal official, or an emergency agency such as the American Red Cross or the Emergency Management Assistance Agency.

2-4.60 Existing Lot (Lot of Record). See Lot of Record.

2-4.61 Existing Development. Those projects that are built or those projects that at a minimum have established a vested right under North Carolina zoning law as of the effective date of this Ordinance based on at least one of the following criteria:

(A) substantial expenditures of resources (time, labor, money) based on a good faith reliance upon having received a valid local government approval to proceed with the project, or
(B) having an outstanding valid building permit as authorized by NCGS 160A-385.1, or

(C) Having an approved site specific or phased development plan as authorized by NCGS 160A-385.1.

2-4.62 Extraterritorial Planning Area. That portion of a municipal planning jurisdiction that lies outside of the corporate limits of the City of Elizabeth City.

2-4.63 Family. One or more persons, related by blood, marriage or adoption, occupying a dwelling unit and living as a single household or a group of not more than four persons, one or more of whom is not related by blood, marriage, or adoption.

2-4.64 Family Care Home. A home meeting the North Carolina Residential Building Code with support and supervisory personnel that provides room and board, personal care and habilitation services in a family environment for six or less resident handicapped persons, pursuant to NCGS 168-21.

2-4.65 Fence. A physical barrier or enclosure consisting of wood, stone, wire, metal or similar material, used as a boundary or means or protection or confinement, but not including a hedge or other vegetation. Fences consisting of sheet metal or tin are prohibited.

2-4.66 Flag Lot. A lot that is composed of a narrow ‘flagpole’ strip extending from the street and much wider ‘flag’ section lying immediately behind a lot or lots having the required street frontage for a conventional lot. In the case of a flag lot, the lot line at the end of the flag pole lying generally parallel to the street to which the flagpole connects shall be considered to be the front lot line for setback purposes. Specific provisions regarding flag lots are contained in Section 10-7.2 (F) (3).

2-4.67 Flood Hazard Area. See Section 12-2.1 for flood hazard-related definitions.

2-4.68 Floor Area Ratio. The numerical value obtained by dividing the gross floor area of the building(s) by the net lot area on which the building(s) is/are located.

2-4.69 Forestry Operations. Establishments primarily engaged in the operation of timber tracts, tree farms, forest nurseries, and related activities. Not included in this definition are logging establishments, sawmills, and planing mills.

2-4.70.1 Freight/Shipping Container. A pre-manufactured structure of metal construction that is delivered to a site as a fully contained unit and is used for freight transport and the moveable storage of goods and/or commodities. This definition shall exclude storage sheds that are assembled on site, portable on-demand storage containers, roll off trash bins, collection dumpsters, trucks, and trailers. A freight/shipping container, as defined herein, shall be considered a structure for the purposes of the Ordinance.

2-4.71 Grade, Finished. The final elevation of the ground surface after development.

2-4.72 Grade, Natural. The elevation of the ground surface in its natural state before man-made alterations.
2-4.73 **General Use Zoning District.** A zoning district that shall permit all of the general uses allowed in that district and shall permit conditional and special uses allowed in that district, if all of the specified conditions are met.

2-4.74 **Gross Floor Area.** The sum of the gross horizontal areas of one or several floors of a building measured from the exterior face of exterior walls, or from the centerline of a wall separating two buildings, but not including interior parking spaces, loading space for motor vehicles, or any space where the floor-to-ceiling height is less than six feet.

2-4.75 **Group Care Facility.** A facility licensed by the State of North Carolina (by whatever name it is called, other than ‘Family Care Home’ as defined by this Ordinance), with support and supervisory personnel that provides room and board, personal care or habilitation services in a family environment for not more than thirty people.

2-4.76 **Group Development.** A development in which, in lieu of division of a tract of land into separate lots of record for separate principal buildings, a tract of land is divided into two or more principal building sites for the purpose of building development (whether immediate or future), and occupancy by separate families, firms, businesses, or other enterprises.

2-4.77 **Habitable Floor.** Any floor useable for living purposes which includes working, sleeping, eating, cooking or recreation or a combination thereof. A floor used only for storage purposes is not a habitable floor.

2-4.78 **Halfway House.** A home for not more than nine persons who have demonstrated a tendency toward alcoholism, drug abuse, mental illness (as defined in NCGS 35-17(30)), or antisocial or criminal conduct, together with not more than two persons providing supervision and other services to such persons, all of whom live together as a single housekeeping unit.

2-4.79 **Handicapped Person.** A person with a temporary or permanent physical, emotional, or mental disability including but not limited to mental retardation, cerebral palsy, epilepsy, autism, hearing and sight impairments, emotional disturbances and orthopedic impairments but not including mentally ill persons who are dangerous to others as defined in NCGS 122C-3 (11) b.

2-4.79 **Hazardous Waste.** Unwanted or useless materials being of hazardous substance as defined in the North Carolina General Statute.

2-4.80 **Hazardous Waste Treatment Facility.** A facility which is established and operated for the recovery, recycling, treatment, storage during collection and prior to treatment, short-term storage after treatment, collection, processing, volume reduction, source separation, or transportation used exclusively in connection with the facility, of hazardous waste; and which facility includes several of the following equipments and processes: incinerators, rotary kilns, drum handling, washing and crushing facilities, raw waste tank storage, reduction, neutralization, detoxification, wastewater treatment facilities, including settling systems, aerobic digesters, anaerobic digesters, clarifiers, neutralization facilities, solidifying facilities, evaporators, reactions to facilities ‘reuse’ or recycling, analytical capabilities, and other similar appropriate technologies, activities and processes as may now exist or be developed in the future.

2-4.801 **Home Occupation.** Any use conducted entirely within a dwelling and carried on by the occupants thereof, which use is incidental and secondary to the use of the dwelling for residential purposes and does not
change the character thereof. Specific regulations concerning home occupations are delineated in Section 11-4.42.

2-4.812 **Homeless Shelter.** A facility operating year-round which provides lodging and supportive services including, but not limited to, a community kitchen; assistance in obtaining permanent housing; medical counseling, treatment, and/or supervision; psychological counseling, treatment, and/or supervision; assistance in recuperating from the effects of or refraining from the use of drugs and/or alcohol; nutritional counseling; employment counseling; job training and placement; and child care for indigent individuals and/or families with no regular home or residential address; and which complies with the following requirements: 1) the facility shall be contained within the building and operated by a government agency or nonprofit organization; 2) a minimum floor space of fifty square feet shall be provided for each individual sheltered; and 3) the facility operator(s) shall provide continuous on-site supervision by an employee(s) and/or volunteer(s) during the hours of operation.

2-4.823 **Horse Show.** A temporary equestrian activity which is not conducted in conjunction with a riding academy.

2-4.84 **Industrial Discharge.** The discharge of industrial process treated wastewater or wastewater other than sewage and includes:

(A) Wastewater resulting from any process of industry or manufacture, or from the development of any natural resource;

(B) Wastewater resulting from processes of trade or business, including wastewater from laundromats and car washes, but not wastewater from restaurants;

(C) Stormwater will not be considered to be an industrial wastewater unless it is contaminated with industrial wastewater; or

(D) Wastewater discharged from a municipal wastewater treatment plant requiring a pretreatment program.

2-4.85 **Internet sweepstakes café.** Any principal business enterprise, where persons utilize electronic machines, including but not limited to computers and gaming terminals, to conduct games of chance, including sweepstakes, and where cash, merchandise or other items of value are redeemed or otherwise distributed, whether or not the value of such distribution is determined by electronic games played or by predetermined odds. This term includes, but is not limited to internet sweepstakes, video sweepstakes, electronic gaming operations or cybercafés, who have a finite pool of winners. This does not include any lottery approved by the State of North Carolina.

2-4.86 **Institutional Use.** Structures and related ground used by organizations providing educational, medical, social and recreational services to the community and nonprofit organizations such as colleges and universities, elementary and secondary schools, community centers and clubs, religious facilities, and museums.

2-4.87 **Interior Setback.** A setback from any property line not alongside a street.

2-4.88 **Junk/Salvage Yard.** Any land or area used, in whole or in part, for the storage, keeping, or accumulation of material, including scrap metals, waste paper, rags, or other scrap materials, or used building materials,
the dismantling, demolition or abandonment of automobiles or other vehicles or machinery or parts thereof. For purposes of this ordinance, the storage, keeping, or accumulation of more than three junked motor vehicles, manufactured homes, recreational vehicles, boats, and similar vehicles shall constitute a junk/salvage yard.

2-4.89 **Junked Motor Vehicle.** A motor vehicle that does not display a current license plate and is one or more of the following: (1) is partially dismantled or wrecked; or (2) cannot be self-propelled or moved in the manner in which it originally was intended to move; or (3) more than five years old and appears to be worth less than one hundred dollars; provided that any motor vehicle used on a regular basis for business or personal use shall not be caused to be removed or disposed.

2-4.90 **Landfill.** A facility for the disposal of solid waste on land in a sanitary manner in accordance with Chapter 130A Article 9 of the N.C. General Statutes. For the purpose of this Ordinance, this term does not include composting facilities.

2-4.91 **Landfill, Demolition and Construction Debris.** A disposal site for stumps, limbs, leaves, concrete, brick, wood and uncontaminated earth. Disposal of any other types of waste must be approved by the N.C. Division of Health Services.

2-4.92 **Landfill, Discharging.** A facility with liners, monitoring equipment and other measures to detect and/or prevent leachate from entering the environment and in which the leachate is treated on site and discharged to a receiving stream.

2-4.93 **Landfill, Sanitary/Solid Waste.** A site for solid waste disposal from residential, industrial or commercial activities.

2-4.94 **Local Street.** A street whose primary function is to provide access to abutting properties.

2-4.95 **Lot.** A portion of a subdivision or any other parcel of land intended as a unit for transfer of ownership, or for development or both. The word ‘lot’ includes ‘plot’, ‘parcel’, or ‘tract’.

2-4.96 **Lot Area.** The total area circumscribed by boundaries of a lot except that when the legal instrument creating a lot shows the boundary of the lot extending into a public street or private right-of-way, then the lot boundary for purposes of computing the lot area shall be the street right-of-way line, or if the right-of-way line cannot be determined, a line running parallel to and 30 feet from the center of the traveled portion of the street.

2-4.97 **Lot Coverage.** The portion of a lot covered by building(s) and/or structure(s).

2-4.98 **Lot Depth.** The distance measured along the perpendicular bisector of the smallest possible rectangle enclosing the lot.

2-4.99 **Lot Line, Front.** The boundary line of a lot running along a street right-of-way. If a lot has two property lines which are also street right-of-way lines abutting different streets, then the shorter of those two lines shall constitute the front lot line; if both lines are equal, the front lot line shall be determined by the property owner if the front property line has not been designated on a final plat (minimum building lines are construed to designate the front lot line).
2-4.100 Lot of Record. A lot, plot, parcel, or tract recorded in the County Office of the Register of Deeds in conformance with the ordinance(s) in effect at the time of recordation.

2-4.101 Lot Width. The horizontal distance between the side lines of a lot measured at right angles to its depth along a straight line parallel to the front lot line at the minimum required building setback line.

2-4.102 Major Thoroughfare Street. Major thoroughfares consist of interstate, other freeway, expressway, or parkway links, and major streets that provide for the expeditious movement of high volumes of traffic within and through urban areas.

2-4.103 Major Variance. A variance from the watershed overlay district requirements that results in any one or more of the following:

(A) the complete waiver of any of the management requirements outlined in Sections 12-1.2, 12-1.3, 12-1.4, 12-1.7, 12-1.8 and 12-1.11.

(B) the relaxation, by a factor of greater than ten percent, of any of the above-referenced management requirements.

(C) any variation in the design, maintenance or operation requirements of a wet detention pond or other approved stormwater management system.

Note: This definition is applicable only to variances from requirements delineated for watershed protection overlay districts.

2-4.104 Manufactured Home. A dwelling unit, designed for use as a permanent residence that is composed of one or more components, each of which was substantially assembled in a manufacturing plant and designed for installation or assembly and installation on the building site.

2-4.105 Manufactured Home, Class A. A dwelling unit that: (i) is not constructed in accordance with the requirements of the North Carolina Uniform Residential Building Code as amended, and (ii) is composed of two or more components, each of which was substantially assembled in a manufacturing plant and designed to be transported to the home site, and (iii) meets or exceeds the construction standards of the US Department of Housing and Urban Development, and (iv) conforms to the following appearance criteria:

(A) the manufactured home has a minimum width, as assembled on the site, of twenty feet;

(B) the pitch of the manufactured home's roof has a minimum nominal vertical rise of three inches for each 12 inches of horizontal run and the roof is finished with asphalt or fiberglass shingles;

(C) a continuous, permanent curtain wall, unpierced except for required ventilation and access, is installed under the manufactured home; and

(D) the tongue, axles, transporting lights, and removable towing apparatus are removed after placement on the lot and before occupancy.
2-4.106 **Manufactured Home, Class B.** A manufactured home constructed after July 1, 1996 that meets or exceeds the construction standards promulgated by the US Department of Housing and Urban Development that were in effect at the time of construction, but that does not satisfy all of the criteria necessary to qualify as a Class A manufactured home but meets the following standards: (A) skirting or a curtain wall, unpierced except for required ventilation and access, is installed under the manufactured home and may consist of brick, masonry, vinyl, or similar materials designed and manufactured for permanent outdoor installation and (B) stairs, porches, entrance platforms, ramps and other means of entrance and exit to and from the home are installed or constructed in accordance with the standards set by the NC Department of Insurance and attached firmly to the primary structure and anchored securely to the ground.

2-4.107 **Manufactured Home, Class C.** Any manufactured home that does not meet the definitional criteria of a Class A or Class B manufactured home. Manufactured homes that do not meet the definitional criteria of Class A, B, or C manufactured homes are classified as recreational vehicles.

2-4.108 **Manufactured Home Park.** A residential use in which more than two Class A, B, or Class C manufactured homes are located on a single lot or tract.

2-4.109 **Manufactured Home Space.** A designated area of land within a manufactured home park designed for the accommodation of a single manufactured dwelling home in accordance with the requirements of this Ordinance.

2-4.110 **Manufactured Home Subdivision.** A subdivision containing two or more building lots that are specifically designed to be sold for residential occupancy by manufactured home owners.

2-4.111 **Marquee.** Any permanent roof-like structure projecting beyond a building or extending along and projecting beyond the wall of the building, generally designed and constructed to provide protection from the weather.

2-4.112 **Minor Thoroughfare Street.** Minor thoroughfares collect traffic from collector, subcollector, and local streets and carry it to the major thoroughfare system. Minor thoroughfares may be used to supplement the major thoroughfare system by facilitating movement of moderate volumes of traffic within and through urban areas and may also serve abutting property.

2-4.113 **Minor Variance.** A variance from the watershed overlay district requirements that results in a relaxation, by a factor of up to five percent, of any buffer, density or built-upon area requirements delineated in Section 12-1.11 or that results in a relaxation, by a factor of up to ten percent, of any management requirement in Sections 12-1.2, 12-1.3, 12-1.4, 12-1.7, 12-1.8 and 12-1.11.

*Note: This definition is applicable only to variances from requirements delineated for watershed protection overlay districts.*

2-4.114 **Modular Home.** A dwelling unit constructed in accordance with the standards set forth in the NC State Building Code and composed of components substantially assembled in a manufacturing plant and transported to the building site for final assembly on a permanent foundation. Among other possibilities, a modular home may consist of two or more sections transported to the site in a manner similar to a manufactured home (except that the modular home meets the NC State Building Code), or a series of panels or room sections transported on a truck and erected or joined together on the site.
2-4.115 Multi-Family Dwelling. A building or portion thereof used or designed as a residence for three or more families living independently of each other with separate housekeeping and cooking facilities for each, and includes apartments, townhouses and condominiums.

2-4.116 Multi-Tenant Building. A building that is used for two or more occupancies, provided each occupancy is separated by construction having fire-resistive ratings in compliance with the NC Building Code.

2-4.117 Non-process Discharge. Industrial effluent not directly resulting from the manufacturing process. An example would be non-contact cooling water from a compressor.

2-4.118 Nonconforming. A lot, structure, sign, or use of land, which is now prohibited under the terms of this Ordinance, but was lawful at the date of this Ordinance's enactment, or any amendment or revision thereto.

2-4.119 Nonconforming Lot(s). A lot of record that does not conform to the dimensional requirements of the zoning district in which it is located. The nonconformity may result from adoption of this Ordinance or any subsequent amendment.

2-4.120 Nonconforming Project. Any structure, development, or undertaking that is incomplete at the effective date of this Ordinance and would be inconsistent with any regulation applicable to the district in which it is located if completed as proposed or planned.

2-4.121 Nonconforming Situation. A situation that occurs when, on the effective date of this Ordinance, any existing lot or structure or use of an existing lot or structure does not conform to one or more of the regulations applicable to the district in which the lot or structure is located. Among other possibilities, a nonconforming situation may arise because a lot does not meet minimum acreage requirements, because structures exceed maximum height limitations, because the relationship between existing buildings and the land (in such matters as density and setback requirements) is not in conformity with this Ordinance, because signs do not meet the requirements of this Ordinance (Section 11-1), or because land or buildings are used for purposes made unlawful by this Ordinance.

2-4.122 Nonconforming Structure(s). A structure that does not conform to the requirements of this Ordinance. The nonconformity may result from adoption of this Ordinance or any subsequent amendment.

2-4.123 Nonconforming Use. A use which once was a permitted use on a parcel of land or within a structure, but which is not now a permitted use. The nonconformity may result from the adoption of this Ordinance or any subsequent amendment.

2-4.124 Nonconformity, Dimensional. A nonconforming situation that occurs when the height, size, or minimum floor space of a structure or the relationship between an existing building or buildings and other buildings or lot lines does not conform to the regulations applicable to the district in which the property is located.

2-4.125 Nonresidential Zoning District. The following general use and conditional use zoning districts: OI, Office and Institutional; CB, Central Business; NB, Neighborhood Business; GB, General Business; HB, Highway Business; CMU, Causeway Mixed Use; I-1, Light Industrial; I-2, General Industrial; and PUD-PDM, Planned Development-Mixed Use.
2-4.126 Nursing Home. An establishment which provides full-time convalescent or chronic care, or both, to persons who are not related by blood or marriage to the operator, or who, by reason of advanced age, chronic illness or infirmity, are unable to care for themselves.

2-4.127 Outdoor Religious Event. An activity of a religious organization that is conducted outdoors as a free-standing use and is not an accessory use to a principal use such as a church or other place of worship. An example of an outdoor religious event would be a tent revival.

2-4.128 Overlay Zoning District. A zoning district which overlaps one or more general and/or conditional use districts. Overlay zoning districts impose additional regulations on property located within general and/or conditional use districts.

2-4.129 Owner. A holder of any legal or equitable estate in the premises, whether alone or jointly with others, and whether in possession or not.

2-4.130 Pedestrian Way. A right-of-way or easement dedicated to public use to facilitate pedestrian access to adjacent streets and properties.

2-4.131 Permit-issuing Authority/Board. The person or board authorized by this Ordinance to issue a permit in accordance with the requirements of this Ordinance. The term applies to the Zoning Administrator when issuing a zoning or sign permit, to the Board of Adjustment when issuing a special use permit, and to the City Council when issuing a conditional use permit.

2-4.132 Person. Any individual, partnership, firm, association, joint venture, public or private corporation, trust, estate, commission, board, or public or private institution, utility, cooperative, interstate body or other legal entity.

2-4.133 Planned Unit Development (PUD). An area of land under unified ownership or control to be developed and improved as a single entity under a Unified Development Plan in accordance with and subject to the requirements of this Ordinance.

2-4.134 Planning Department. The Department of Planning and Community Development of the City of Elizabeth City.

2-4.135 Plat. A surveyed map or plan of a parcel of land which is to be, or has been subdivided.

2-4.136 Plat, Final. The final map of all or a portion of a subdivision or site, showing the boundaries and location of lots, streets, easements and any other requirements of Appendix 1, which is presented for County approval and subsequent recordation in the applicable County Register of Deeds Office.

2-4.137 Plat, Preliminary. A map indicating the proposed layout of the subdivision or site showing lots, streets, water, sewer, storm drainage, and any other requirements of Appendix 1, which is presented for preliminary approval.

2-4.137.1 Portable On-Demand Storage Container. A standardized weather-resistant receptacle leased, rented or owned by the owner or occupant of a property and designed for shipment and the temporary storage of commercial, industrial, or residential
household goods, commodities, or personal items, that does not contain a foundation or wheels for movement; manufactured and constructed by, and to, the storage container industry standard. Examples of this use include piggyback containers that can be transported by mounting on a chassis, and “POD” type boxes that can be transported on a flatbed or other truck; but do not include prefabricated storage sheds that are not designed for transport after erection, or commercial trailers used by construction in the regular performance of their business. All portable on-demand storage containers in all districts shall be allowed by permit only.

2-4.138 **Principal Building.** A building in which is conducted the principal use of the zone lot on which it is located or, in a group development, of the building site on which it is located. Any dwelling is considered a principal building unless it is an accessory dwelling in compliance with Section 11-4.3 (Accessory Dwelling Units on Single-Family Lots); farm tenant dwelling; or a residence for a pastor; or caretaker dwelling accessory to a nonresidential use (limited to one such residence per lot).

2-4.139 **Principal Dwelling.** Any principal building or structure which is used and designed for human habitation including living, sleeping, cooking and eating activities excluding dormitories, hotels, motels, shelters for the homeless or other structures designed for transient residents.

2-4.140 **Principal Structure.** A structure(s) in which is conducted the principal use(s) of the lot on which it is located.

2-4.141 **Private Dormitory.** A multiple unit residential accommodation which is established directly or indirectly, in association with a college, business college, trade school or university, for the purpose of housing students registered and attending such an institution. A private dormitory may contain food preparation and eating facilities primarily for the use of its occupants.

2-4.142 **Private Drive.** A vehicular travelway not dedicated or offered for dedication as a public street, providing access to parking lot(s) for two or more principal buildings in a group housing or group nonresidential development.

2-4.142 **Private Sewer.** A system which provides for collection and/or treatment of wastewater from a development, or property, and which is not maintained with public funds.

2-4.143 **Private Street.** A vehicular travelway not dedicated or offered for dedication as a public street, but resembling a cul-de-sac or a local street by carrying traffic from a series of driveways to the public street system. Private streets must comply with the requirements of Section 10-7.3 (G).

2-4.144 **Private Water.** A system which provides for the supply and/or distribution of potable water for use by a development, project, or owner, and which is not operated or maintained by a government organization or utility district.

2-4.145 **Protected Area.** The area adjoining and upstream of the watershed critical area of WS-IV watersheds. The boundaries of the protected area are defined as within five miles of and draining to the normal pool elevation of the reservoir or to the ridgeline of the watershed; or within 10 miles upstream and draining to the intake located directly in the stream or river or to the ridgeline of the watershed.
2-4.146 **Public road.** A road, street, highway, easement or way over which the public has a legal right to travel. The term shall not include roads that are part of the federal interstate highway system.

2-4.147 **Public Sewer.** A system which provides for the collection and treatment of sanitary sewage from more than one property, and is owned and operated by a government organization or sanitary district.

2-4.148 **Public Street.** A dedicated public right-of-way for vehicular traffic which 1) has been accepted by NCDOT for maintenance; or 2) is not yet accepted but in which the streetway design and construction have been approved under public standards for vehicular traffic. Alleys are specifically excluded.

2-4.149 **Public Water.** A system which provides distribution of potable water for more than one property and is owned and operated by a government organization or utility district.

2-4.150 **Rear Setback.** A setback from an interior property line lying on the opposite side of the lot from the front street setback.

2-4.151 **Recreational Vehicle.** A vehicle which is built on a single chassis, designed to be self-propelled or permanently towable by a light duty vehicle, and designed primarily not for use as a permanent dwelling, but as temporary living quarters for recreational, camping, travel or seasonal use.

2-4.152 **Recreational Vehicle Park.** Any site or tract of land, of contiguous ownership, upon which fifteen or more recreational vehicles or tent spaces are provided for occupancy according to the requirements set forth in this Ordinance.

2-4.153 **Recreational Vehicle Space.** A plot of land within a recreational vehicle park designed for the accommodation of one recreational vehicle in accordance with the requirements set forth in this Ordinance.

2-4.154 **Recycling Materials Collection/Processing Operation (Scrap and Waste Materials; Salvage Yard (Scrap Processing)).** A building or fenced area for the collection and processing of recyclable materials. “Processing” shall mean the preparation of material for efficient shipment, by such means as baling, briquetting, compacting, flattening, grinding, crushing, shredding, mechanical sorting, cleaning, and remanufacturing. The definition shall not include a junk and/or salvage yard.

2-4.155 **Reservation.** An obligation shown on a plat or site plan to keep property free from development and available for public acquisition for a stated period of time. It is not a dedication nor a conveyance.

2-4.156 **Residential District or Residential Zoning District.** The following general and conditional use districts: R-6, Residential; R-8, Residential; R-10, Residential; R-15, Residential; AD, Apartment; RMH; Residential Manufactured Home; and PUD-PDR, Planned Unit Development-Residential.

2-4.157 **Residuals.** Any solid or semi-solid waste generated from a wastewater treatment plant, water treatment plant or air pollution control facility permitted under the authority of the Environmental Management Commission.

2-4.158 **Retaining Wall.** A structure, either masonry, metal, or treated wood, designed to prevent the lateral displacement of soil, rock, fill or other similar material.
2-4.159 **Reverse Frontage Lot.** A through lot which is not accessible from one of the parallel or non-intersecting streets upon which it fronts.

2-4.160 **Riding Academy.** A commercial facility or school which is open to the general public and offers such activities as riding lessons, horse training, and boarding of horses. For purposes of this ordinance, riding academy does not include the keeping of horses for personal use.

2-4.161 **Roof Line.** The top edge of the roof or the top of the parapet, whichever forms the top line of the building silhouette.

2-4.162 **Rooming Unit.** A room designed, occupied, or intended for occupancy as separate living quarters with sleeping, but not necessarily cooking and sanitary facilities provided therein.

2-4.163 **Salvage Yard, Auto Parts.** Any establishment listed in the Standard Industrial Classification Manual under Industry Number 5015. Also, any land or area used, in whole or part, for the storage, keeping, accumulation, dismantling, demolition, or abandonment of inoperable vehicles or parts therefrom.

2-4.164 **Salvage Yard, Scrap Processing.** Any establishment listed in the Standard Industrial Classification Manual under Industry Number 5093. Also, any land or area used, in whole or part, for the storage, keeping, accumulation of scrap or waste materials, including scrap metals, waste paper, rags, building materials, machinery, or other scrap materials.

2-4.165 **Seating Capacity.** The actual seating capacity of an area based upon the number of seats, or one seat per eighteen inches of bench or pew length. For other areas where seats are not fixed, the seating capacity shall be determined as indicated by the NC Building Code.

2-4.166 **Setback.** The minimum required horizontal distance between a structure or activity and the property line or the street right-of-way line.

2-4.167 **Sexually Oriented Business.** An adult arcade, adult bookstore or adult video store, adult cabaret, adult massage parlor, adult motel, adult motion picture theater, adult theater, escort agency, nude model studio, sexual encounter studio, or any combination of the foregoing. As used in this Ordinance, the following definitions shall apply:

1. **Adult Arcade** (also know as ‘peep show’). Any place to which the public is permitted or invited, wherein coin-operated or token-operated or electronically, electrically, or mechanically controlled still or motion picture machines, projectors, or other image-producing devices are maintained to show images to persons in booths or viewing rooms where the images so displayed depict or describe specified sexual activities and/or specified anatomical areas.

2. **Adult Bookstore or Adult Video Store.** A commercial establishment which as one of its principal business purposes offers for sale or rental, for any form of consideration, any one or more of the following:

   a. Books, magazines, periodicals or other printed matter, or photographs, films, motion pictures, video cassettes or video reproductions, slides, or other visual representations that depict or describe specified sexual activities and/or specified anatomical areas; or
b. Instruments, devices, or paraphernalia that are designed for use in connection with specified sexual activities.

(3) **Adult Cabaret.** A nightclub, bar restaurant, or other commercial establishment that regularly features, exhibits, or displays as one of its principal business purposes:

a. Persons who appear nude or semi-nude; or

b. Live performances which are characterized by the exposure of specified anatomical areas and/or by specified sexual activities; or

c. Films, motion pictures, video cassettes, slides, or other photographic reproductions which depict or describe specified sexual activities and/or specified anatomical areas.

(4) **Adult Massage Parlor.** A commercial establishment where, for any form of consideration, massage, alcohol rub, fomentation, electrical or magnetic treatment, or similar treatment or manipulation of the human body is administered, unless such treatment or manipulation is administered by a medical practitioner, chiropractor, acupuncturist, physical therapist, or similar professional person licensed by the State of North Carolina. This definition does not include an athletic club, physical fitness center, school, gymnasium, reducing salon, or similar establishment where massage or similar manipulation of the human body is offered as an incidental or accessory service.

(5) **Adult Motel.** A hotel, motel, or similar commercial establishment that:

a. Offers accommodations to the public, for any form of consideration, and provides patrons with closed-circuit television transmissions, films, motion pictures, video cassettes, slides, or other photographic reproductions that depict or describe specified sexual activities and/or specified anatomical areas as one of its principal business purposes; or

b. Offers a sleeping room for rent for a period of time that is less than ten (10) hours; or

c. Allows a tenant or occupant of a sleeping room to subrent the room for a period of time that is less than ten (10) hours.

(6) **Adult Motion Picture Theater.** A commercial establishment where, for any form of consideration, films, motion pictures, video cassettes, slides, or similar photographic reproductions are regularly shown as one of its principal business purposes that depict or describe specified sexual activities and/or specified anatomical areas.

(7) **Adult Theater.** A theater, concert hall, auditorium, or similar commercial establishment which regularly features, exhibits, or displays, as one of its principal business purposes, persons who appear in a state of nudity or semi-nude, or live performances that expose or depict specified anatomical areas and/or specified sexual activities.

(8) **Escort.** A person who, for tips or any other form of consideration, agrees or offers to act as a date for another person, or who agrees or offers to privately model lingerie or to privately perform a striptease for another person.
(9) **Escort Agency.** A person or business that furnishes, offers to furnish, or advertises to furnish escorts as one of its principal business purposes, for a fee, tip, or any other form of consideration.

(10) **Nude Model Studio.** Any place where a person who appears nude or semi-nude, or who displays specified anatomical areas, is provided to be observed to be observed, sketched, drawn, painted, sculptured, photographed, or similarly depicted by other persons who pay money or any other form of consideration. ‘Nude model studio’ shall not include a proprietary school licensed by the State of North Carolina or a college, junior college, or university supported entirely or in part by public taxation; a private college or university which maintains and operates educational programs in which credits are transferable to a college, junior college, or university supported entirely or partly by taxation; or in a structure:

a. That has no sign visible from the exterior of the structure and no other advertising that indicates a nude or semi-nude person is available for viewing; and

b. Where in order to participate in a class a student must enroll at least three (3) days in advance of the class; and

c. Where no more than one nude or semi-nude model is on the premises at any one time.

(11) **Nude or a State of Nudity.** The appearance of a human anus, male genitals, or female genitals; or a state of dress which fails to opaquely cover a human anus, male genitals, or female genitals.

(12) **Semi-nude.** A state of dress in which clothing covers no more than the genitals, pubic region, or areola of the female breast, as well as portions of the body covered by supporting straps or devices.

(13) **Sexual Encounter Center.** A business or commercial enterprise that, as of one of its principal business purposes, offers for any form of consideration, physical contact in the form of wrestling or tumbling between persons of the opposite sex, or activities between male and female persons and/or persons of the same sex when one or more of the persons is in a state of nudity or semi-nude.

(14) **Specified Anatomical Areas.** Less than completely and opaquely covered human genitals, pubic region, buttock, or female breast below a point immediately above the top of the areola; or human male genitals in a discernibly turgid state, even if completely and opaquely covered.

(15) **Specified Sexual Activities.** Includes any of the following:

a. Human genitals in a state of sexual stimulation, arousal, or tumescence; or

b. The fondling or other erotic touching of human genitals, pubic region, buttocks, anus, or female breasts; or

c. Sex acts, normal or perverted, actual or simulated, including intercourse, oral copulation, or sodomy; or
d. Masturbation, actual or simulated; or

e. Masochism, erotic or sexually-oriented torture, beating or the infliction of pain; or

f. Erotic or lewd touching, fondling, or other contact with an animal by a human being; or

g. Human excretion, urination, menstruation, vaginal or anal irrigation.

2-4.168 **Shopping Center.** A group of commercial establishments planned, developed, and managed as a unit with a unified design of buildings and with coordinated parking and service areas.

2-4.169 **Side Setback.** Any interior property line setback other than a rear setback.

2-4.170 **Sight Distance Easement.** An easement which grants to the entity responsible for street maintenance the right to maintain unobstructed view across property located at a street intersection.

2-4.171 **Sign.** See Section 11-1.1 for sign-related definitions.

2-4.172 **Sign Permit.** A zoning permit issued by the Zoning Administrator that authorizes the location of a sign.

2-4.173 **Single-Family Detached Dwelling.** A separate, detached building designed for and occupied exclusively by one family.

2-4.174 **Sketch Plan.** A rough sketch of a proposed subdivision or site, showing streets, lots, and any other information of sufficient accuracy to be used for discussion of the street system and the proposed development pattern.

2-4.175 **Special Promotion.** An advertising activity or circumstance of a business which is not part of its daily activities or normal routine, and in which the display or sale of merchandise, wares, or other tangible items is the sole purpose for the promotion. Special promotions include grand openings or closeout sales, but do not include reoccurring sales advertisements or other similar publicity.

2-4.176 **Special Use Permit.** A permit issued by the Board of Adjustment that authorizes the recipient to make use of property in accordance with the requirements of this Ordinance or as well as any additional requirements imposed by the Board of Adjustment.

2-4.177 **Special Waste.** Waste which is not regulated hazardous waste, which has physical or chemical characteristics, or both, that are different from municipal, demolition, construction and wood wastes and which potentially requires special handling. The following are examples of special wastes: contaminated soil, raw animal manure, incinerator ash, industrial or manufacturing process waste and sludge, wastewater and water treatment plant sludge and large quantities of dead animals.

2-4.178 **Stabilizing Vegetation.** Any vegetation that protects the soil against erosion.

2-4.179 **Storm Drainage Facilities.** The system of inlets, conduits, channels, ditches and appurtenances which serve to collect and convey stormwater through and from a given drainage area.
2-4.180 **Stormwater Runoff.** The direct runoff of water resulting from precipitation in any form.

2-4.181 **Street Right-of-Way.** A strip of land occupied or intended to be occupied by a travelway for vehicles and also available, with the consent of the appropriate governmental agency, for installation and maintenance of sidewalks, traffic control devices, traffic signs, street name signs, historical marker signs, water lines, sanitary sewer lines, storm sewer lines, gas lines, power lines, and communication lines.

2-4.182 **Street Setback.** Any setback from a street, road, or lane.

2-4.183 **Structure.** Anything constructed, erected, or placed.

2-4.184 **Subcollector Street.** A street whose principal function is to provide access to abutting properties, but which is also designed to be used or is used to connect local streets with collector or higher classification streets.

2-4.185 **Subdivider.** Any person who subdivides land.

2-4.186 **Subdivision.** A division of land creating two or more lots.

The following divisions are exempt from subdivision regulations.

- Plats deemed to be exempt from the subdivision regulations shall contain a Certificate of Exception signed by the property owner and the Zoning Administrator, See Appendix 2.

  (A) Shifting or recombination of lot lines where no new lots are created; or

  (B) Public acquisition of land for right-of-way;

  (C) Creation of gravesites;

  (D) Division of land in accordance with a probated will or intestate succession per NC General Statutes;

  (E) Creation of lots that are ten acres or more in size with no street right-of-way dedication;

  (F) A single parcel of two acres or smaller into three or fewer lots with no street right-of-way dedication and the lots meet or exceed the standards of this Ordinance;

  (G) A single parcel of greater than two acres into three or fewer lots no street right-of-way dedication and no utility extensions. This provision may only be used one time.

(Section 2-4.186 (G) added by City Council 02/13/2018; Section 2-4.186 amended 02/13/2018.)

2-4.187 **Subdivision, Major.** A subdivision that creates more than four lots, or requires a street dedication, and/or an extension of public utilities.

(Section 2-187 amended by City Council 02/13/2018)

2-4.188 **Subdivision, Minor.** A subdivision involving 4 or less lots situated on a tract of five or less acres in size fronting on an existing approved public street(s), not requiring any new public or private street(s) nor
easements for access to interior property, not requiring extension of a public sewer or water line, and not requiring a waiver or variance from any requirement of this Ordinance.

2-4.189 **Swimming Pool.** A water-filled enclosure, permanently constructed or portable, having a depth of more than eighteen inches below the level of the surrounding land, or an above-surface pool, having a depth of more than thirty inches designed, used, and maintained for swimming and bathing.

2-4.190 **Temporary Building.** Any building of an impermanent nature, or one which is designed for use for a limited time, including any tent or canopy.

2-4.191 (Reserved)

2-4.192 **Temporary Emergency, Construction, or Repair Residence.** A residence (which may be a manufactured home) that is: (i) located on the same lot as a residence made uninhabitable by fire, flood, or other natural disaster and occupied by the persons displaced by such disaster, or (ii) located on the same lot as a residence that is under construction or undergoing substantial repairs or reconstruction and occupied by the persons intending to live in such permanent residence when the work is completed; or (iii) located on a nonresidential construction site and occupied by persons having construction or security responsibilities over such construction site. (See Section 11-4.77 for specific standards related to such residences.)

2-4.193 **Temporary Event.** An activity sponsored by a governmental, charitable, civic, educational, religious, business, or trade organization which is infrequent in occurrence and limited in duration. Examples include arts and crafts shows, athletic events, community festivals, carnivals, fairs, circuses, concerts, conventions, exhibitions, trade shows, horseshows, outdoor religious events and other similar activities.

2-4.194 **Temporary Shelter.** A facility which provides temporary lodging during times of life-threatening weather conditions for indigent individuals and/or families with no regular home or residential address; and which complies with the following requirements: 1) the facility shall be contained within the building of and operated by a government agency or nonprofit organization; 2) a minimum floor space of fifty square feet shall be provided for each individual sheltered; and 3) the facility operator(s) shall provide continuous on-site supervision by an employee(s) and/or volunteer(s) during the hours of operation.

2-4.195 **Temporary Structure.** Any structure of an impermanent nature or one which is designed for use for a limited time, including any tent or canopy.

2-4.196 **Ten-Year Storm.** The surface runoff resulting from a rainfall of an intensity expected to be equaled or exceeded, on the average, once in ten years and of a duration which will produce the maximum peak rate of runoff for the watershed of interest under average antecedent wetness conditions.

2-4.197 **Tenant.** Any person who alone, or jointly, or severally with others occupies a building under a lease or holds a legal tenancy.

2-4.198 **Thoroughfare Plan.** A plan adopted by the City Council for the development of existing and proposed major streets that will adequately serve the future travel needs of an area in an efficient and cost effective manner.

2-4.199 **Tourist Guide.** A tourist guide is a person who guides visitors and interprets the cultural and natural heritage of an area, which person normally possesses a specific area qualification usually issued and/or
recognized by the appropriate authority. A tourist guide is a person who leads groups of people around a town, museum, or other tourist venue. The tourist guide provides a commentary on the features and history of the location, the tours can vary in duration.

2-4.200 Tourist Guide Service. A person who or corporate entity that engages in the business of offering guided tours. Tours can be provided for a fee or free of charge.

2-4.201 Through Lot. A lot abutting two streets that do not intersect at the corner of the lot.

2-4.202 Tourist Home. A private residence in which accommodations are provided for lodging and may include meals for overnight guests for a fee.

2-4.203 Tower Co-location. An arrangement whereby more than one user occupies a single tower or structure.

2-4.204 Tower, Communications. A structure greater than sixty feet in height whose primary purpose is to support communications equipment. This definition includes tower/antenna/building combinations and the height measurement applies to those combinations. This definition shall not include wire-supporting electric power transmission and telephone poles.

2-4.205 Tower, Lattice. A guyed or self-supporting multi-sided, open, steel frame structure used to support communications equipment.

2-4.206 Tower, Monopole. A structure composed of a single spire used to support communications equipment.

2-4.207 Townhouse Dwelling. A building consisting of single-family residences attached to one another in which each unit is located on an individually-owned parcel, generally within a development containing drives, walks and open space in common area.

2-4.208 Townhouse Lot. A parcel of land intended as a unit for transfer of ownership, and lying underneath, or underneath and around, a townhouse, patio home, or unit in a nonresidential group development.

2-4.209 Toxic Substance. Any substance or combination of substances (including disease causing agents), which after discharge and upon exposure, ingestion, inhalation, or assimilation into any organism, either directly from the environment or indirectly by ingestion through food chains, has the potential to cause death, disease, behavioral abnormalities, cancer, genetic mutations, physiological malfunctions (including malfunctions or suppression in reproduction or growth) or physical deformities in such organisms or their offspring or other adverse health effects.

2-4.210 Tract. All continuous land and bodies of water in one ownership, or contiguous land and bodies of water in diverse ownership, being developed as a unit, although not necessarily all at one time.

2-4.211 Two-Family Dwelling. A building on one lot arranged and designed to be occupied by two families living independently of each other.

2-4.212 Understory Tree. A species of tree which normally grows to a mature height of fifteen to thirty-five feet in height.
2-4.213 **Use.** The purpose or activity for which land or structures is designed, designated or arranged or for which land or structures are occupied. (amended 3/11/2014)

2-4.214 **Use(s), Accessory.** A structure or use that: (1) is clearly incidental to and customarily found in connection with a principal building or principal use; (2) is subordinate to and serves a principal building or principal use; (3) is subordinate in area, extent, or purpose to the principal building or principal use served; (4) contributes to the comfort, convenience, or necessity of occupants, business, or industry, in the principal building or principal use served; and 5) is located on the same lot as the principal building or principal use served.

2-4.215 **Use, Mixed.** Occupancy of building or land by more than one use.

2-4.216 **Use(s), Principal.** The primary purpose or function that a lot or structure serves or is proposed to serve.

2-4.217 **Utility Easement.** An easement which grants to the City Council or other utility providers the right to install and thereafter maintain any and all utilities including, but not limited to, water lines, sewer lines, septic tank drain fields, storm sewer lines, electrical power lines, telephone lines, natural gas lines and community antenna television systems.

2-4.218 **Variance.** Official permission from the Board of Adjustment to depart from the requirements of this Ordinance.

2-4.219 **Velocity.** The average velocity of flow through the cross section of the main channel at the peak flow of the storm of interest. The cross section of the main channel shall be that area defined by the geometry of the channel plus the area of flow below the flood height defined by vertical lines at the main channel banks. Overload flows are not to be included for the purpose of computing velocity of flow.

2-4.220 **Waiver.** Official permission from a designated permit-issuing authority, other than the Board of Adjustment, to depart from specified requirements of this Ordinance.

2-4.221 **Waterbody.** Any lake, pond, or reservoir of standing water one acre or more in surface area, but not including any man-made waterbodies where the entire perimeter is owned by the same landowner. This definition shall exclude stormwater detention facilities/ponds.

2-4.222 **Watercourse.** Any river, stream or brook which acts as the drainage mechanism for watershed areas of 100 acres or more.

2-4.223 **Water-Dependent Structure.** Any structure for which the use requires access to or proximity to or siting within surface waters to fulfill its basic purpose, such as boat ramps, boat houses, docks and bulkheads. Ancillary facilities such as restaurants, outlets for boat supplies, parking lots and commercial boat storage areas are not water-dependent structures.

2-4.224 **Watershed.** The entire land area contributing surface drainage to a specific point (e.g. the water supply intake). For purposes of the water supply protection regulations contained herein, major landmarks such as highways or property lines may be utilized by Elizabeth City to delineate the outer boundary of the drainage area if these landmarks are immediately adjacent to the ridge line.
2-4.225 **Wet Detention Pond.** A pond that has a permanent pool and which also collects stormwater runoff, filters the water, and releases it slowly over a period of days.

2-4.226 **Wetland.** Any land area of five or more acres characterized by wetland soils; wetland vegetation; a high water table less than 6” from surface; or any land area mapped as wetlands by the North Carolina Department of Environment and Natural Resources.

2-4.227 **Zero Side Setback.** An alternate form of dimensional requirements that allows a dwelling unit to have one side setback of zero distance from a side property line. This definition does not apply to townhouses.

2-4.228 **Zone Lot.** One or more lots of record in one undivided ownership with sufficient total area, exclusive of easements, flood hazards, well and septic tank fields; sufficient total dimensions; and access to permit construction thereon of a principal building together with its required parking and buffer yards.

2-4.229 **Zoning Administrator.** The person(s) authorized by Section 3-3 who is responsible for administering and enforcing this Ordinance.

2-4.230 **Zoning District.** An area defined by this Ordinance and delineated on the Official Zoning Map, in which the requirements for the use of land and in which building and development standards are prescribed.

2-4.231 **Zoning Permit.** A permit issued by the Zoning Administrator that authorizes the recipient to make use of property in accordance with the requirements of this Ordinance.

2-4.232 **Zoning Vested Right.** A right established pursuant to NCGS 160A-385.1 to undertake and complete the development and use of property under the terms and conditions of an approved site development plan. (See Section 4-15.)
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